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The American "Dream Team" strike gold at the Chess Olympiad



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Chess Olympiad - in-depth annotations from Michael Adams & Gawain Jones Eljanov wins Isle of Man, Nepomniachtchi takes 10th Tal Memorial in style Steve Giddins pays tribute to the legendary Mark Dvoretsky (1947 - 2016)

มกภาภาระคนวากเห*ก* 

# Chess

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John can't see Karjakin troubling Magnus in the big match

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## **In the Land of Fire** BAKU2016 An in-depth look at the recent Olympiad from Kanwal Bhatia

The 42nd Chess Olympiad took place from 1st-14th September in Baku, Azerbaijan. The format, as is normal, comprised Open and Women's sections, with matches contested over four boards, chosen from squads of five players. The final standings after 11 rounds were determined by team match points. A total of over 300 teams competed in what was one of the largest of such events in recent years.

In the Open section, sixth seeds England, sponsored by Jupiter Asset Management, were represented in board order by Michael Adams, David Howell, Luke McShane, Gawain Jones and Nigel Short, accompanied by Peter Wells (coach) and Malcolm Pein (captain). Russia, led by Karjakin and Kramnik, were seeded first, followed by the USA, including for the first time Caruana and So, and reigning champions China.

In the Women's event, the participation of Hou Yifan made China favourites, with Ukraine, including both Muzychuks, and Russia the next seeds. The England team consisted of Jovanka Houska, Dagne Ciuksyte, Akshaya Kalaiyalahan, Sarah Longson and myself, with Jon Speelman as captain/coach. Armenian teams were notably absent from both sections.

Unsurprisingly, given its location, Baku has the feel of a cross between Soviet and Gulf state. Fuelled by the oil and gas industry, a lot of investment had clearly been made in the Olympiad and there was an added chess flavour to the city with billboards, specially painted taxis and coaches, and several giant chess sets on the streets.

Providing for so many players and accompanying persons inevitably puts a strain on the hosts, but the event was brilliantly organised. Teams were accommodated in top hotels with good food and coaches commissioned to efficiently ferry players to and from the venue. The tournament was held in the Baku Crystal Hall, which has previously hosted the Eurovision Song Contest and had ample space and facilities to allow all games to be played in the same hall. In addition, an army of helpful and friendly volunteers ensured a smooth running and small favours like extending dinner for latefinishing games made players feel relaxed.

However, not everything was positive. In line with the latest fashion, this Olympiad came with a new raft of anti-cheating measures; some understandable, some laughable, many probably futile. Initiated at last year's European Team Championships, pens, watches and mobile phones were again



Baku's Crystal Hall was certainly an impressive sight, both internally and externally. However, trips to the toilet and certain searches by the arbiters were to prove somewhat more problematic.

banned from the playing hall (sensibly, the zero-tolerance default rule was waived), and players and their belongings had to pass through airport-style security on entry. To their credit, the organisers managed to process the large number of players without too much delay.

More controversially, continued despite a petition launched at the Europeans, a number of players would be chosen at random to be searched during their game. While I didn't hear of anyone who really objected to the checks on entry, disrupting players without cause while their game is still in progress is another matter. In addition, there were the occasional odd diktats, such as banning captains from bringing in paperback books and smelling the contents of drinks containers that had already passed through a scanner, which only seemed to embarrass the diligent helpers tasked with this role.

The most troubling new measure introduced, however, was that players had to notify the arbiter each time they wanted to go to the toilet. Although some arbiters chose to ignore this rule, not all did, and inevitably this led to at least one incident where a player was asked to explain their perceived excessive calls of nature. A petition has been launched...

#### **Dutch Disappointment**

But on to the chess! The early rounds went according to plan for England in the Open section with wins against the lower-rated

IBCA and Indonesia. Mickey Adams has been a solid spearhead of the England team for several years now, accumulating results in a calm, effortless style. No-one could doubt his intent in Round 2 as he pushed for 166 moves before conceding the draw. At one point there was a chance for a cute finish.



Black has been pressing for 133 moves and now replied with **134...** $rac{1}{9}$ **f3+** with the game ending in a draw 33 moves later. Mickey probably dismissed 134...cf1 as 135  $rac{1}{9}$ b5+ e2 136  $rac{1}{9}$ b1+ e1 $rac{1}{9}$  137  $rac{1}{9}$ b5+  $rac{1}{9}$ f2 138  $rac{1}{9}$ f5+ ends in perpetual, with the white queen skipping between f5, b5 and b1. However, instead, there is 136...e1c! 137

and most precise is 138...響f3+! 139 響xf3+ 🖄 xf3 140 q4 hxq4 141 h5 q3 142 h6 q2#.

In Round 3, England were paired against a strong Canadian team, who would later even challenge for a medal. A 21/2-11/2 win saw Adams winning a critical game against the newly-adopted Evgeny Bareev.

#### M.Adams-E.Bareev England vs Canada French Defence

#### 1 e4 e6 2 d4 d5 3 🖄 d2 c5 4 🖄 qf3 🖄 f6 5 e5 ④fd7 6 c3 ④c6 7 ≜d3 f6 8 exf6 ④xf6 9 0-0 **d** Taking on d4 first is more normal. 10 dxc5 âxc5 11 b4 âd6 12 b5 2e7?!

12... De5 13 Dxe5 & xe5 was more active and probably better. Now White has a pleasant edge. 13 c4 e5

Striking quickly as after 13...0-0 14 2b2 White's pieces are nicely co-ordinated, while Black will struggle for a central break. However, this plan is a little too ambitious. 14 cxd5 ②exd5 15 ②e4 ③xe4 16 âxe4 





Michael Adams again shone on top board, despite missing a tricky endgame possibility.

Simple, sensible development. 18...≝e7 19 ≜xf6!

White's remaining bishop will sit gloriously undisturbed in the centre of the board.

19...gxf6 20 🖄h4 Taking control of the f5-square.

#### 20...≜b4

What can Black really do? 20...f5 is not possible due to 21 邕xc8 邕axc8 22 约xf5. 21 邕c4 皇a5 22 ④f5 皇xf5 23 皇xf5 邕ad8 24 ₩h5



With opposite-coloured bishops and an exposed black king, it is time to attack! 27 g3 ∰f7 28 <sup>I</sup>/<sub>2</sub>xd4 exd4 29 <sup>I</sup>/<sub>2</sub>d1 b6 30 🗒 d3 🏨 b4 31 🗒 f3 🖺 f8?

It was necessary to prevent White's next move with 31... \$d6, but after this 32 \$d3 retains control for White.

#### 32 **≦**f4 1-0

Black is unable to stop 33 \$\mu\$xh7 followed by 34 邕h4.

So far so good... Round 4 brought things crashing back down to earth. Eleventh seeds the Netherlands were always likely to be tricky opponents, but a 31/2-1/2 loss was particularly disappointing.

The women's team had a difficult start to the tournament. The expected 4-0 win against the UAE in Round 1 was followed by a close loss to the higher-seeded Netherlands. That match was not without its highlights though as Jovanka Houska outplayed her GM opponent.

#### J.Houska-Z.Peng England vs Netherlands Queen's Gambit Accepted

1 🖄 f3 d5 2 d4 🖄 f6 3 c4 dxc4 4 e3 🎎 q4 5 âxc4 e6 6 h3 âh5 7 ac3 abd7 8 0-0 ≜b4 9 ≜d2

A surprisingly unusual move. 9 2e2 is more common.

9...a6 10 a3 2d6 11 e4 e5 12 2e3 0-0 13 &e2 &xf3 14 &xf3 exd4 15 &xd4 ④e5 16 集e2 ④c6 17 集e3 集e5 18 罩c1! âxc3 19 볼xc3 迩xe4 20 볼c1



White has judged that the two bishops and pressure on the c-file are enough for the e-pawn. 20... 🖾 e8

20... <sup>(2)</sup>d6 would have protected b7, allowing c6-knight to move after \$f3. Now Black's knights come under fire on the h1-a8 diagonal. 21 ₩xd8 🖾exd8



England take on the Netherlands in the women's section. Jovanka Houska (right) will soon sacrifice a pawn for two very strong bishops and once again she led the England team well.

Sacrificing a tempo to push White's rook to a more vulnerable square.

24 호f3 f5 25 호f4 전d4 26 호xe4 fxe4 27 프c3 Not 27 프xc7?, of course, as 27... 신e6 picks up the bishop. 27... 신b5 28 프cc1 c6 29 프xe4



Material is now equal and Black seems to have weathered the storm, by trading White's light-squared bishop and placing her queenside pawns safe from attack. However, on closer inspection, Black's knight is rather immobile.

29....볼d4 30 볼ce1 볼f8 31 g3 볼xe4 32 볼xe4 솔f7 33 a4! 신a7 34 힕d6 볼e8 35 볼f4+ 솔e6 36 힕c5 신c8 37 볼e4+ 솔f7 38 볼xe8 솔xe8 39 a5 솔d7 40 f4 신d6

With the bishop totally dominating the knight, Black offers the trade on the last move before the time control.

#### 41 **≜xd6**!

White's kingside pawn majority is sufficiently far advanced.

Unfortunately, the next two rounds resulted in more disappointment with a loss to Iceland and only a draw with Portugal – blows from which we never quite recovered.

#### Land of Fire

The name Azerbaijan - meaning 'Land of Fire' – plausibly has origins in the abundant natural gas fields and the burning surface oil, and the sense of awe that they evoke. During the 17th and 18th centuries, Zoroastrian Fire Temples were constructed for worshippers to pay their respects. Later on, the industrialisation of oil and gas extraction diverted these reserves away from religion and the money earned was used to construct bigger and bolder shrines. In particular, the iconic Flame Towers (three 190m skyscrapers built in the shape of flames and covered with LED displays) are illuminated every night with blazing fire, or, for the duration of the Olympiad at least, giant chess pieces.

Of course, the Crystal Hall also held its



Gawain Jones, pictured deep in thought, played a lovely, thematic King's Indian queen sacrifice.

share of fire within its walls. After the setback against the Netherlands, the next few rounds were crucial for England's medal ambitions. Fifth round opponents Vietnam have posed problems for England in the past and one could have been forgiven for thinking a repeat was looming when, early on in the match, Gawain Jones allowed his young opponent to grab a hot pawn on d6 in the King's Indian. However, there was a dangerous point to his play.

> **A.Nguyen-G.Jones** Vietnam vs England *King's Indian Defence*

#### 1 d4 Ѽf6 2 c4 g6 3 Ѽc3 ዿg7 4 e4 0-0 5 Ѽf3 d6 6 h3 e5 7 d5 Ѽa6 8 ዿe3 Ѽc5 9 Ѽd2 Ѽh5 10 b4 Ѽa6 11 a3 ₩e8 12 c5 f5 13 cxd6 cxd6 14 Ѽb5

The d-pawn cannot be easily defended: removing the queen from the h5-e8 diagonal allows exf5 followed by g4 if Black recaptures with a piece.

#### 14...f4 15 🖄xd6 fxe3!

The only move that justifies Black's play and one which could have been expected by anyone familiar with Gawain's style – but it seemed to surprise his young opponent.

16 ∅xe8 exf2+ 17 ģe2 ∅g3+ 18 ģd3 ≣xe8!



Regaining material by taking on h1 is not part of the plan. The position of the knight on g3 and pawn on f2 is much more important. **19**  $\triangleq$ **c2** 

The white king is looking for safety on the queenside, but perhaps holding on tightly to the extra material was the best defence. Indeed, 19 邕h2 followed by trying for 彎f3 to displace the knight was an alternative worth considering.

19...≗d7 20 ≗c4 ≗a4+ 21 ≗b3 ≗b5 22 ≌b2 ≗e2

Now Black's compensation is very clear. 23 營b1 創h6 24 创f3 當h8 25 當a2 罩ac8

While Black still only has two pieces for his queen, all his pieces are aggressively placed, in contrast to which White is struggling for any sort of co-ordination.

#### 26 ₩b2?!

Logical, allowing the queen's rook some freedom and keeping an eye on the bishop on e2, but it fails concretely. 26 d6, trying to create some complications, was better.



#### 26...∜)xe4!

Now ... Cc3+ is threatened and neither the queen nor the a1-rook has a single safe square to move to!

#### 

Black finally takes back some material



Before the big match - Mickey Adams prepares to take on Wang Yue's ever-solid Petroff.

#### while setting up the conclusion. 28 볼xf1 心c3+ 29 �a1 e4 30 ৺xf2 exf3 31 ৺xf3 호g7! 32 d6 볼e2 0-1

White is already material down, and allowing the discovered check will lead to mate (...②c3-b5xa3 or ...②c3-e4-e2).

A 3-1 win resulted in a favourable pairing against 47th seeds Chile, who had enjoyed a comparatively easy run to the top boards. After an incident-free match, Round 7 set up a more difficult challenge against reigning champions China. And here the fireworks continued both on and off the board.

The critical games were Adams outplaying Wang Yue, while Nigel Short energetically overcame both Li Chao in an exciting game (see last month's Editorial), as well as FIDE's midgame security check. Holding firm to the belief that players should not be interrupted while playing, Nigel was issued a warning for not complying when chosen to be searched, but the powers that be decided that overturning the result would indeed be a step too far.

#### Notes by Michael Adams

Playing on board 1 has few advantages, but does mean you are less likely to be surprised by which opponent you face, although Indonesia decided to pull a rabbit out of the hat by deploying their bottom four boards against us this time. However, before this game I was not so sure who I would play until the teams were published. Wang Yue had lost a disappointing game the day before and bringing in China's board 5 Wei Yi would hardly weaken their team.

> M.Adams-Wang Yue England vs China Petroff Defence

1 e4 e5 2 🖓 f3 🖓 f6 3 🖗 xe5 d6 4 🖗 f3

#### 

This modest line has become rather popular recently, although White's edge is not too large, as is fairly inevitable against the Petroff anyway, he does get a more comfortable position with very little risk. I first noticed it when my Baden-Baden team mate Rustam Kasimdzhanov scored an easy win against Li Chao (who was Nigel's opponent in this particular match) in the Bundesliga earlier this year.

#### 8...ዿf5 9 ≝e1 ∕∆xd2 10 ≝xd2 ዿxd3 11 ≝xd3 0-0



Black has exchanged some pieces, but his knight on c6 is not especially well placed and my slight lead in development means I will gain control of the only open file.

#### 

I'm not sure why, but this very logical move, swapping more material, didn't really feature in my prep. As soon as the position arrived on the board it looked the most logical continuation. Instead, 12...習d7 has been the most common choice of late.

#### 13 ĝ3

This looks natural as the exchange of bishops will resolve any back-rank issues for me, and I gain a little time by letting my opponent

13... (xg3 14 hxg3 "d7 14... "d6, as in the last line, also has some merits.

19 ②g5 g6 20 響h3!) 19 ②g5 邕xe3 20 響xf7+ 會h8 21 響h5 with a winning attack. **18 寧b3** 

If 18 響b5 罩b8 and the queen will be expelled with ...a6 next go, but not 18...b6? 19 罩c3. **18...罩b8 19 ②e5** 

I felt I needed to keep up the momentum, instead of playing the useful 19 c3 when Black could try 19...b5 or 19...g6.

#### 19...≝d6 20 ∅xc6 ≝xc6 21 c3



Of course White's advantage is hardly huge here, but I was somewhat surprised by how many people considered this a cast-iron draw. When almost everything else is identical, one advantageous feature in a position can quickly magnify in importance, and here occupation of the e-line and the ability for my rook to also operate laterally are irritations which should not be underestimated over the board.

#### 21...a5

The most logical plan for Black is to reposition his queen, move his pawns to safer squares and swap rooks, but the lines 21...豐d7 22 豐a3 a6 23 豐e7 豐xe7 24 簋xe7 簋c8 25 簋d7 and 21...豐d6 22 豐a4 show this is not so simple to effect.

#### 22 ₩a3 b6

22... 暫b5 23 b3 b6 24 響e7 was another option. Practically it is not so easy to choose as there is no clear-cut way to make a draw, but only a number of roughly equivalent slightly unpleasant continuations. However, my opponent, who is a particularly doughty defender, normally excels at extinguishing the danger in such situations.

#### 23 ₩e7 b5

#### 24 a3 b4

I saw 24...豐c4 recommended for Black here, but at the board it looked very dangerous for the queen to abandon the kingside due to 25 g4 b4 26 axb4 axb4 27 單f3 f6 28 g5, which wins instantly, as if 28...hxg5 (28...fxg5 29 單f7) 29 響e6+ 當f8 (or 29...當h7 30 響f7!) 30 單h3. Better here is 27...單f8 28 g5, although Black still has both actual and practical difficulties: 28...hxg5 29 響xg5 bxc3 30 罩g3 g6 (or 30...響xd4 31 bxc3 響d1+ 32 當h2 g6 33 單h3) 31 斷f6! wins, so does 28...h5 29 g6 and, as such, 28...響c6 is necessary, allowing 29 gxh6 響xh6 30 響xc7.

25 axb4 axb4 26 cxb4



#### 26....**鬯c**1+

The queen check looks pretty logical as Black regains the pawn immediately and his queen then attacks three of my pawns. However, Wang Yue should have continued more solid play.

26...Wb6! looks rather slow, but actually holds: 27  $\nexistsf3$  (or 27 We5 Wxb4 28 Wxd5Wxb2 29  $\nexistse7$  Wb3 30 Wxb3 – 30  $\nexistse8+ \textcircled{G}h7$ could look scary at the board – 30... $\nexistsxb3$ 31  $\nexistsxc7$   $\nexistsb1+$  32 Gh2  $\nexistsd1$  33  $\nexistsd7$  Gf8and the extra pawn is not that significant here) 27...f6 28  $\nexistsc3$  Wxd4 29  $\nexistsxc7$  Wd1+30 Gh2 Wh5+ is perpetual. Likewise, 26...Wc4! with similar ideas is also good enough. **27** Gh2 Wxb2 28  $\nexistsf3$ 

I played this quickly, happy that I now had some real advantage, but there was another good option in 28 鬯xc7 鬯xb4 29 罩e5. After winning the pawn my major pieces will remain well placed as attempts to simplify with 29...鬯b7 (29...鬯b6 30 罩e8+) 30 罩e8+ are catastrophic.

#### 28...罩f8

The ugly 28...f6 was also an option: 29 營xc7 (29 罩e3!? 營xf2 30 營xc7 營xe3 31 營xb8+ is promising, but 29...營c2! 30 營d7 c6 31 罩e7 營g6 should hold) 29...營xb4 30 罩f5 營b6 31 營xb6 罩xb6 32 罩xd5 is not a simple draw.

#### 29 **₩**c5 c6

After 29...g6 30 b5 one of the black pawns will disappear next go.

#### 

I thought my opponent would accept he can't comfortably maintain equal material and try 30...豐xb4 31 豐xd5 豐e7 32 豐c5 (32 罩e3?! 豐f6 solves most of Black's problems, but 32 豐a5!? is possible). Black has to allow the pawn forward or play 32...豐xc5 33 dxc5 罩c8 34 罩c3 f6 35 g4 查f7 36 查g3 查e6 37 查f4 which looks pretty tough.

31 b5



The disparity in activity between the major pieces means that my passer is seriously fleet of foot.

#### 31...₩e5

31...鬯c4 is met by 32 鬯d7.

#### 32 b6 🗏e8

This move looks good threatening mate in two, but I suspect Wang Yue underestimated my response which secures my king position whilst his problems remain.

#### 33 菖f4

Necessary to meet the threat of 33 b7?? 響h5+ 34 當g1 邕e1 mate.

#### 33...₩e6

33...g5 34 革a4 or 33... 響h5+ 34 革h4 don't endanger my king, so Black tries to slow the advance of the b-pawn.

#### 34 **₩b**7

I rejected 34 響c7 due to 34...這e7? (the correct 34...響e7! is not so easy to break down) 35 這b4 邕xc7 36 bxc7 容h7 37 邕b8 響e5 38 c8響 響h5+ 39 含g1 響d1+ 40 容h2 響h5+ with perpetual check, but 41 響h3 here or two moves earlier rather changes my assessment of this line.

#### 34...g5 35 **∐**a4

The computer thinks that 35 \[26]b4! was stronger (35 \[26]f3 d4 is not impressive), but the variations are rather hard to understand, and I think would be very hard to play in a game:

a) 35...含g7 36 響c7 響c8 37 響d6 and Black has been forced to go passive.

b) 35...豐d6 concerned me and 36 罩b5 again moves the rook to an undefended square, but after 36...豐g6 36 豐c7 (or 36...d4 37 豐c7) 37 豐d7 豐h5+ 38 豐h3 豐xh3+ 39 含xh3 罩b8 40 含g4 White's active king should decide.

35... 響g6 36 罩a1 was my idea and with the back rank covered Black is out of options: 36... 會g7 (36... 響d6 37 罩a8) 37 響a7.

I realised 35...含g7 was the only move when my intended 36 響a7 is met by 36...響e2 37 f3 響f1 (37...響f2 38 b7 transposes), creating counterplay. Now there is a long forcing sequence: 38 罩a1 響f2 39 b7 響xa7 40 罩xa7 罩b8 41 當g1 當f6 42 當f2 當e5 43 當e3 and it's not clear if Black can survive, but this had to be tried.



#### 36 f3

I saw the flashy 36 響xd5 響h5+37 罩h4 響g6 38 響d7 was also good, but as my opponent's last move was rather desperate, the simple pawn advance secures the kingside. **36...d4** 

#### 6...d4

Other moves are equally hopeless, as shown by 36...含g7 37 響xd5 or 37 罩a8 罩e7 38 響b8, and 36...響f1 37 罩a8.

#### 37 ₩d7

37 罩a8 d3 38 響c6 罩xa8 39 響xa8+ 含g7 40 b7 also wins as my second queen will deliver a mating attack.

#### 37...響e7 38 響xe7

Black resigned as 39...  $\Xi$ e8 40 b7 d3 41  $\Xi$ a8 or 39...  $\Xi$ e6 40  $\Xi$ a8+  $\pm$ g7 41 b7 promote the pawn. After the game finished we were leading 2-1 and a quick look at Nigel's game suggested that although things were rather complicated, he was doing very well. Not long afterwards some accurate moves on his part confirmed that assessment for a memorable match win. Although our individual victories got most of the attention, David Howell's comfortable draw as Black against their highest-rated player Ding Liren, in his fourth consecutive game with that colour, was also a significant factor in the match.

#### 

More aggression was in evidence as Wales upset Ireland 3-1 in the local derby. Richard Jones won in dynamic style against Stephen Jessel, while Carl Strugnell's attack persuaded Mark Heidenfeld to castle twice (!) before he closed out in the endgame.

#### R.Jones-S.Jessel Wales vs Ireland French Defence

#### 1 e4 e6 2 d4 d5 3 公c3 心f6 4 e5 신fd7 5 f4 c5 6 신f3 신c6 7 호e3 cxd4 8 신xd4 호c5 9 빨d2 0-0 10 0-0-0

The shape of the game is clear: both sides will go for the jugular.

#### 17 g5!

17 ②xb5 夐a6 18 ②c3 響c7 19 黛xc4 ₩c6 ended in a draw in Gharamian-Ni Hua. Biel 2011, as Black retained some initiative for his pawn. The text shows a more aggressive intent. 17...b4



#### 18 🕸 xh7+!

After 18 axb4 axb4 19 🖄b1 🖄a5 20 🖄xa5 罩xa5 21 響h4 g6 Black's attack is looking the more dangerous.

#### 18...ģ xh7 19 🖞 h4+ 🔄 q8 20 🖾 d3 🖄 dxe5

Taking the knight would be dangerous: 20...bxc3 21 邕h3 f5 22 響h7+ 會f7 23 響h5+ q6 (if 23... 會q8 24 q6) 24 響h7+ 會e8 25 響xq6+ 邕f7 26 邕h7 ②cxe5 27 fxe5 21 **⊒h**3

21...f5 22 gxf6 ዿxf6 23 ₩h7+ 🕸f7 24 fxe5 🖄 xe5 25 🖾 g1 bxc3

Finally Black accepts the knight. 



#### 27...🖄q8

The strange-looking 27... \$6 might have been the best defence: for instance, 28 響g5+ 會f7 29 響xe5 cxb2+ 30 會b1 響f6 31 響h5+ 睿e7 32 邕g6 響f4 33 邕xg7+ 睿d6.

#### 28 🖞h8+ 🔄f7 29 🖺f3+ 🔤e7

29...食f6 30 邕xq7+ 會e8 31 響h5+ is no defence either.

30 邕xg7+ 盒xg7 31 營xg7+ 當d6 32 邕xf8 White has regained the material and is now

winnina. 32...響h4 33 響xc3 盒b7 34 響c5+ 會e5

#### 35 ∰c7+ 🕸e4 36 🖄d2+ 1-0 In view of 36... 曾d4 37 響c3# or 36... 曾e3

37 響c3+ 會e2 38 響f3+ 會e1 39 響f1#.

By the end of Round 7, the top teams were beginning to be clarified. The USA led with 13 match points, followed by Russia, Georgia, Ukraine, India, England and Latvia on 12. Reigning champions China were already far behind in 17th.

#### Generation Z

One of my main observations of my own tournament was how young my opponents seemed to be - noticeably more children were present than when I started playing in Dresden 2008. In Round 8, I faced the youngest participant in the tournament, Monaco's Fiorina Berezovsky. At just 9 years old and with an arm-span not quite extending to my back rank, the game attracted plenty of attention and I was relieved when she charitably gave away her pieces. My next round opponent put up more resistance, but at age 12, she did not manage to draw the same press. However, the game provided an enjoyable king hunt!

#### K.Bhatia-A.Miladi England vs Tunisia

c3 Sicilian

#### 1 e4 c5 2 c3 🖄 f6 3 e5 🖄 d5 4 d4 cxd4 5 🖄 f3 🖄 c6 6 cxd4 d6 7 🌲 c4 e6 8 0-0

Black has been developing ostensibly, but has not really done much to counter White's plans in this set-up.

11 ∅c3 a6 12 a3 dxe5 13 dxe5 c7 14 盒c2 <sup>(2</sup>)d7 15 <sup>(</sup>二e1 <sup>(</sup>會h8? This only helps White's attack. 17... 當d8 was better. 16 🖞 e4 f5 17 exf6 🖄 xf6 18 🖞 h4 h6



Otherwise 2g5 attacks both h7 and e6, but this invites White's next.

19 盒xh6! gxh6 20 xh6+ ��g8 21 g5+ ˈἐʰ8 22 ㉒ĥ4 ㉒h7 23 ㉒g6+ ἑg7 24 h5 ②f6 25 響h4 罩d8 26 罩e3 e5 27 罩g3 拿f7 28 ②h8+ 28 罩f3 keeps the king caged and is more efficient.

#### 28...🔄e8

Black's best bet is to give back some material with 28...邕xh8, but with the king still exposed, White's attack will continue. Now the king is forced to take a walk.

#### 29 âg6+ 🖄 d7 30 âf5+ 🖄 d6

Side-stepping 30... 會e8 31 邕g8+ 劉xg8

32 營h5+ 含f8 33 營f7#. 31 ②f7+ ☆c5 32 ②a4+ ☆b5 33 ॾb3+ ☆a5



I had seen up to this point when entering this sequence, but now could not find the mate, although I was sure it had to be there somewhere... 34 Øb6?

34 響c4! 邕d4 (otherwise comes 35 公c3 with mate on a4 or b5 to follow) 35 Wec3+ ☆xa4 36 ዿc2 and mate cannot be stopped. 34....罩d4

34...響xb6 35 邕xb6 會xb6 36 ②xd8  $\pounds xf5 37$   $\triangle xc6 bxc6 would have given Black$ three pieces for a queen and two pawns, although with the weak king and my better structure, I would still take White. 35 ₩h3

35 ₩q3 is more exact as 35... 4 can be 35... âxf5 36 🖄 xa8??

In my panic I had missed that after 36 @c3+!≜b4 37 axb4+ 🖄xb6 White mates on c5. 

The final mistake. 36... \$xh3 37 axc7 âc8 and White's knights are short of squares. 37 ∰c3+ ②b4 38 axb4+ 1-0



Kanwal Bhatia's favourite c3 Sicilian led to a memorable king hunt against Tunisia.

The increase in juniors playing was also in evidence at the business end of the tournament where England took on 46th seeds Iran on board 3 of the Open. Unfortunately for us, their 16 and 17 year olds combined to hold the draw in the match. However, the 12-year-old national champion was posed one too many problems by Gawain Jones.

G.Jones-A.Firouzja England vs Iran



White had won two pieces for a rook earlier in the game, but allowing the queenside pawns to be traded off has made the winning plan unclear. A win was needed, however, as at this point the match situation was 2–1 to Iran.

#### 51...罩b8?!

This move seems logical, but allows White a study-like finish. Black's best hope was probably to keep both rooks protecting each other on the a-file.

#### 52 🖾d1+ 🖄e4

52...會e2 53 單d4! forces Black to give up the exchange: for instance, 53...g5 54 公d5 and Black is unable to stop mate on c3 without material loss.

#### 53 âc3

Threatening 54 邕d4+.

#### 53...ጃa4

So Black prevents 54 \(\Vec{I}d4+\), but at a cost... 54 \(\Vec{I}d7 \(\Vec{I}g8\)

The pawn has to be protected; after 54...邕c8 55 邕xg7 the threat of 邕g4+, picking up the loose rook on a4, gives White's bishop immunity.

#### 55 g4!



#### 55...≣c8

Taking advantage of the g4-square no longer being available for White's rook to give check, but there was another threat – Black's king, in the very centre of the board, is running out of squares! If Black leaves the defence of the fourth rank, for instance, with 55...  $\Xi$ aa8 there is 56  $\Box$ c4  $\Xi$ ad8 57 f3+ cf4 58 cd2#. His a4-rook is therefore paralysed and he has few options available.

#### 56 🖄 d5! 1-0

There is no way to prevent  $57 f_3 + c_3^2 d_3$ and since Black cannot save both rooks in one move, 58 bb6 discovered check will then pick up the exchange. Note too that leaving the rook on g8 would not have saved Black, due to the dual threats then of 58 bb6+ and 58 bcf6+. A critical win which tied the match.

Round 10 saw England withstand the pressure of playing the host nation to win  $2\frac{1}{2}-1\frac{1}{2}$ . Gawain Jones once again won and thanks to the kind permission of *ChessBase Magazine*, we can enjoy his own thoughts on that victory here too.

#### Notes by Gawain Jones

GJones-A.Naiditsch England vs Azerbaijan Scotch Gambit

#### 1 e4 e5 2 최f3 최c6 3 오c4 최f6 4 d4 exd4 5 e5

The Scotch Gambit is rather rare at top levels, but I've played it a few times recently. Play often become very strategically complex. 5...d5 6 \u00e9b5 \u00f6 e4 7 \u00e9\u00e9kd4 \u00e9d7

7... 全 c 5 8 单 e 3 单 d 7 or 8... 0 - 0 9 公 x c 6 bx c 6 10 单 x c 5 公 x c 5 11 单 x c 6 are the other main lines.

#### 8 âxc6 bxc6 9 0-0 âe7

A rare line which I always thought was rather passive, but is probably fully playable. 9...\$c5 is by far the main move, while 9...c5 was played earlier this year in N.Pert-D.Howell, Bournemouth 2016.

#### 10 f3 🖄c5



I started spending time around here trying

to remember my analysis. 11…②e4

11...0-0 12 f5 looks very dangerous, despite the engines not being convinced. In the game Naiditsch elects to keep things more flexible. After 12...公e4 (12...全g5 13 公c3 罩e8 14 罩e1 盒xc1 15 營xc1 營h4 16 營e3 公e4 was A.Horvath-Bitoon, Melaka 2012, and here the engine offers 17 罩ad1! as 17...罩xe5? loses to 18 公f3) 13 公c3 we have:

a) 13... 公xc3 has been played the most often, but with a bad score: 14 bxc3 息g5 (for 14...c5 15 公de2 see variation 'c2') 15 響h5 息xc1 16 罩axc1 f6 17 e6 and White is clearly better.

c) 13...c5 and again White has a choice where to place the knight:



c1) A fairly recent game continued 14 ②xe4 dxe4 15 ②b3 象b5 16 罩e1 c4 17 ③d4 象c5 18 象e3 象d7 19 含h1 罩e8, Radionov-Gajek, Vienna 2016. Here White missed the thematic 20 e6! fxe6 21 fxe6 as 21...象xe6? loses to 22 ③xe6 響xd1 23 罩exd1! 象xe3 24 ④xc7.

c2) 14 ②de2 would be quite similar to Jones-Naiditsch: 14...②xc3 15 bxc3 逸b5 (this can be energetically countered, but after 15...重e8 16 a4!? - 16 ②g3 also looks promising - 16...愈c8 17 ③g3 愈f8 18 愈f4 彎d7 19 彎g4 罩b8 20 罩ae1 White had already developed a very strong attack and the strong GM didn't last long: 20...重b6 21 h3!? 彎xa4 22 e6! fxe6 23 f6 e5 24 f7+ 쉏xf7 25 ፬xe5+ 1-0, Pirrot-Graf, Bad Wiessee 2010) 16 f6! gxf6 17 愈h6 fxe5 18 ②d4! cxd4 19 彎g4+ ፬g5 20 ፬xg5 ፬e2 21 彎g3 彎d7 22 h3! f5 23 ፬f6+ �af7 24 罩xf5! and White won in Wang Yiye-Mi.Brown, Al Ain 2013. **12 f5** 

Not the only option. 12 ②d2 ③xd2 13 響xd2!? keeps an eye on the d5-pawn (after 13 盒xd2 c5 14 ②e2 f5 White's attacking chances on the kingside have been snuffed out). This has only been played once, but White won extremely quickly: 13...c5 14 ②e2 盒c6 15 f5 0-0? 16 f6 gxf6 17 響h6 fxe5 1-0, Massana-Bowyer, New York 1985. Evidently Black resigned while White was deciding between

18 邕f3 and simply picking up the bishop on c6. Instead, 12 ac3 has good chances of reaching positions similar to the game.

#### 12...c5

This is the main point of developing the bishop to e7 rather than c5, but I think White now has good chances.

12... 倉c5 isn't so common, but reaches yet more crazy positions, whereas 12...0-0 again looks to be asking for trouble and would transpose to 11...0-0.



#### 13 ne2

It's always difficult to decide where to put the knight.

13 De6!? looked interesting and I spent a while looking at it: 13...\$xe6 (13...fxe6?! 14 Wh5+ q6 15 fxq6 違b5 16 q7+ 會d7 17 qxh8響 響xh8 18 邕f7 seemed to keep control) 14 fxe6 fxe6 15 2d2. I thought I must have enough compensation for the pawn, but Black's position doesn't look that dangerous either.

13 <sup>(2)</sup>b3 is the main alternative, and looks auite promisina: 13...\$b5 (13...c4 14 \vert xd5 cxb3 15 響xe4 bxc2 16 響xc2 favoured White somewhat in T.L.Petrosian-Kobalia. Internet (blitz) 2004, while generally the point of going to b3 is to meet 13... \$c6 with 14 ②a5) 14 掌f3 響d7 15 ②c3 0-0-0 16 拿e3 21 c4 looks like a very dangerous attack) 19...dxe4 20 響xd7+ 邕xd7 21 邕q3 left White again clearly for choice in Vlassow-Jumabayev, St Petersburg 2010.

#### 13... 創5

13... 倉c6 has also been tried, but with no pin or pressure on f5, White looks to be doing very well with 14 2 f4.

#### 14 a4

I thought it useful to push the bishop back to a6 so it wouldn't have the c6-square.

14 2a3!? was chosen by the legendary Sveshnikov here: 14... 2 c6 (14... 2 a6?! 15 c4!) 15 c4 d4 16 🖄 f4 🎍 g5 17 🖄 d3, with an edge in Sveshnikov-Fercec, Nova Gorica 1996.

#### 14... âa6 15 🖄 bc3

This appears to be the first new move of the game. On the one hand, I'm allowing my queenside structure to be wrecked, but now I have more control of the centre, in particular the d4-square, and play down the b-file.

15 d2 was played by a future GM: 15...c6?! (15...0-0!? is possible here as White

has no pressure on d5, while I was expecting something like 15... 公xd2 16 盒xd2 響d7 17 邕f2 O-O-O as here I thought Black's king was fairly safe) 16 響e1?! 響c7?! 17 公xe4! (White could have played this a move earlier) 邕d5 21 創f4 1-0, Vocaturo-Lafuente, Sautron 2008. Black's opening was a complete disaster.

15...②xc3 16 bxc3 營d7 17 邕f2 0-0-0



An extremely complicated position, and with the four c-pawns, very hard to judge. Black has the bishop-pair and if the position opens up that will be the main factor. However, his king is the more vulnerable and White can try to utilise his e5- and f5-pawns as a battering ram to break through in the centre or the queenside. The pawns also give White a useful space advantage.

#### 18 (h)f4!?

Here Naiditsch had a long think and was obviously not particularly happy with his position. 18...q5?!

I hadn't really considered this, but was now pretty happy with my position.

18.... C6 would be sensible to react to e5e6 with ...f7-f6. but now Black's queenside pawns are vulnerable. After 19 邕b1 食b7 20 響q4 當b8 21 響xg7 Black doesn't get sufficient counterplay for his collapsing kingside.

18... Wxf5! must be critical, of course, and was Black's only good option. 19 2xd5?! looks tempting but it turns out White has the looser king after 19... 響xe5 20 響g4+ 會b8 21 邕b1+ 當a8!. Visually this looks very risky and I don't think I really considered it during the game, but Black is now doing very well as he has the big threat of 22... We1+. Here White should bail with 20 ②xe7+ 響xe7 21 響q4+ 響d7 22 響xd7+ 罩xd7 into a worse ending, but it should be holdable.

Better after 18... 響xf5! is 19 公d3! 響e6 22 食xc5 邕d7 23 食d4 which is just very unclear) 21 cxd3. White's structure has been repaired and so Black's additional pawn isn't so relevant, while he might have some long-term problems with his king, and if 21... wxe5 22 d4!. 19 🖄 h5

A good outpost and a move preventing Black from obtaining counterplay on the kingside.

19 e6 is how the engine wants to continue, but I wasn't sure how to evaluate the position after 19... ₩c6 20 🖄 d3 f6. I have a huge bulkhead on e6, but I thought Black might be able to play around it with a break in the centre or by pushing his h-pawn. 

ġ ģ 1 2 Å Ŵ B R Ê

A difficult position. Obviously I want to break with my e- and f-pawns, but I need to be very careful not to allow Black's bishops to activate. 21 âd2

I wasn't sure where to put the bishop. Hitting the c5-pawn looked sensible, but I didn't want to block the a or e-files.

#### 21...∲a8 22 Ïe1 ዿc4 23 a5

With time getting rather low for both of us I thought just cutting out counterplay to be the most sensible approach.

Stockfish tells me it was now to time to break with 23 e6 fxe6 24 fxe6 Waa4. I thought this could easily be good for me, but on the other hand I've gone 'all-in'. The following is one of the engine's top lines and shows how random the position has become: 25 邕f7 響xc2 26 邕xe7 響xd2 27 響q3! d4 28 邕d7 dxc3 29 邕xd2 cxd2 30 邕d1 創e2 罩b8 34 響d7 盒xh5 35 響xd2 when White has some winning chances in the resulting unbalanced endgame.

#### 23...<sup>2</sup>b8 24 h3!

Giving my king some luft and ideas of f5f6 now queen is defended. I couldn't see a killer breakthrough so decided first to wait.

#### 24...h6 25 🖉 f3

25 f6 🖉 xg4 26 hxg4 🎍 f8 was how I wanted to play initially. The problem is I can't get any further without allowing the bishops some squares, as after 27 e6 fxe6, but here the engine comes up with the strong idea of rerouting the knight: 28 f7! 邕h8 (or 28...邕g6 29 幻f6) 29 创f6! 創d6 30 创d7 嘼bd8 31 创e5. 25.... どの

25... 響c6 was what I expected. Now White should take the plunge with 26 f6 桌f8 27 e6! fxe6 28 f7 邕g6 29 幻f6. 26 🖄 g3!?

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Opting for a different and, what looked to me, safer plan. Now my gueen has access to h5 and I can also contemplate 2e4 ideas.

26 罩e4?! is what I'd probably have played in a blitz game, but looked unnecessary here, while 26 f6 \$\$f8 27 e6 fxe6 28 f7 is similar to the previous note and still very good for White.

#### Now a pawn drops.

#### 27...f6 28 <sup>₩</sup>xh6 <sup>ℤ</sup>h8

The best practical try. After 28...fxe5 30...邕xb7 31 邕xe5 邕bb8 32 f6) 31 f6 盒d6 32 <sup>(2)</sup>f5 White's kingside pawn masse should be decisive.

#### 29 **₩**g7

29 Wg6 was also possible and perhaps simpler. After 29...fxe5 30 ₩c6+ play is similar to the previous note.

#### 

30 exf6 違xf6 31 響f7 q4 didn't seem so clear to me.

#### 30...fxe5 31 f6 盒d6 32 盒xg5 譽g8



#### 33 **₩xg**8

Originally I thought 33 Wd7!? might be clever, but I decided to keep things straightforward. In fact, retaining the queens has the engine's approval: 33... 響xg5 34 響c6+ 邕b7 35 邕b1 盒a6 (after 35...邕hb8 36 勾f5 Black is completely paralysed and 36... wxf6 37 ae3 響h4 38 ②xc4 響xc4 39 罩xb7 罩xb7 40 a6 winning for White) 36 f7 響d8 37 约f5 罩f8 38 ②xd6 cxd6 (or 38...響xd6 39 響e8+ 響d8 40 響xd8+ 邕xd8 41 邕xb7 含xb7 42 f8響) 39 邕b3 and wins.

#### 33...<sup>2</sup>bxq8 34 h4 e4

So I'm a pawn up with three connected



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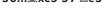
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passed pawns, but I still have to be very careful, particularly as I was rather low on time.

#### 35 🖄 f5 🌲 e5 36 q4

36 h6 was another idea, but thought my pieces were a bit misplaced and that 36... 算f8 37 邕e3 創xf6 38 邕xf6 邕xf6 39 創xf6 邕xh6 should be holdable for Black.

36 ②e7 邕xg5 is Black's whole point. However, I missed that here I have the intermezzo 37 f7! and White is winning (37 hxq5? 創h2+ is just a draw), whereas 36 邕e3? would again allow 36...邕xq5 37 36...≜xc3 37 ≣e3





#### 37...≜e5

37...d4!? was, I thought, a good practical try. I was intending 38 邕xc3 (after 38 邕xe4 ≜d5 White has to give back the exchange, with a winning position, as 39 罩e7? runs into 39...邕xq5) 38...dxc3 39 當q2 when Black's structure is so horrible that White should just be winning.

#### 38 🖉 e7

38 f7! 邕f8 39 ②e7 邕h7 40 ②g6 was a more accurate move order, but the text doesn't spoil anything.

#### 38....罩b8

39 🖄 g6 d4

42 \$\mathbb{L}xe3 d4 would extend the game, but White should be winning fairly easily.

#### 40 🖄 xe5 dxe3 41 🌲 xe3

41 ②xc4!? also looked tempting, but there's no need to give the second exchange. 41...邕xh4 42 ②xc4

42 f7 was safer, but I calculated that I wasn't getting mated. In principle I thought it mattered to keep my more advanced f-pawn rather than the q-pawn.

#### 42...<sup>2</sup>b1+ 43 <sup>(a)</sup>g2 <sup>2</sup>xg4+ 44 <sup>(a)</sup>h3 <sup>2</sup>g8

44...邕q6 was a better try, but White is winning with a modicum of care: 45 f7 (45 會h2? 띨b8! draws) 45...띨h1+ 46 띨h2 當f1 47 ②e5 邕qf6 (or 47...邕e6 48 邕f2) 48 a6! 菖xa6 49 菖f2 菖xf2 50 食xf2 菖f6 51 \$xc5 and wins.

45 ��h2 ��b7 46 f7 邕f8 47 皇xc5 邕h8+ 48 🖄 g2 ≌bh1 49 f8 🖉 1-0

#### ÏÏÏÏÏÏÏÏ Ï

Elsewhere in the tenth and penultimate round, tournament leaders USA and Ukraine took their chance to pull away from Russia who were held by India. Going into the final round, this left Russia two match points behind the leaders, with seven teams, including England, following another point behind.

While the final round pairing against Peru may have been viewed as favourable, 21year-old Jorge Cori added to the youth conspiracy by preventing one of the best England placings in recent years, while netting a individual bronze medal on board 2 for himself in the process. The resulting 2-2 draw nevertheless meant England finished fourth equal and ninth on tie-break, and there was a feeling that genuine progress had been made this year. Individually, Mickey Adams was again undefeated on board 1, scoring 6/9 with a 2794 performance, while the big hitters assigned to the lower boards, Gawain Jones and Nigel Short, came through with 7/9 and  $6 \ensuremath{{}^{\prime\prime}_{\!\!2}}/9,$  respectively.

The top three teams all won their final matches. However, the USA did not have it all their own way in their encounter with the surprising Canada, with one of the players of the event, Eric Hansen, inflicting a rare defeat on Sam Shankland. It was left to new recruits Caruana and So to save the day, the latter taking quick advantage of a blunder by his opponent.

W.So-A.Lesiege USA vs Canada



Black has to switch behind the pawns: 34... $\Xi$ d3!, and if 35  $\Xi$ xg5 hxg5 36 d6  $\Xi$ c2 37  $\triangle$ a6  $\Xi$ dd2 holds the balance. Instead, Lesiege, possibly going for glory, suffered a rush of blood to the head.

**34....營e5?? 35 fxe3! 營g3 36 營a1+ 1-0** There's nowhere for the black king to go as 36...'會g8 37 營a8+ 會g7 38 ④e8+ 會f8 39 Ѽd6+ forces mate.

With the Ukraine convincingly beating Slovenia  $3\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2}$ , it was unclear at first who had actually triumphed between them and the USA. While equal on match points, the first tie-break was a type of Sonneborn-Berger with the worst result eliminated. This dependency on the results of other teams in the competition therefore caused some delay, and not until the final game on board 28 concluded, was the young USA team of Caruana, Nakamura (the veteran at 29 years old), So, Shankland and Robson finally confirmed winners.

In the women's event, China, boosted by world champion Hou Yifan, came first, three match points ahead of an impressive Poland and the Ukraine. The England team, Jovanka Houska (7/9), Dagne Ciuksyte ( $6\frac{1}{2}$ /9), Akshaya Kalaiyalahan ( $7\frac{1}{2}$ /10), Sarah Longson (2/7) and myself (6/9), posted generally decent scores individually, but finished only 59th.

Highlights from the other home nations included Wales outperforming their seeding in both sections, with their young female players all qualifying for the WCM title. For Scotland, Andrew Greet had a solid performance on board 1 in his first Olympiad as a player, scoring 6/10.



Magnus Carlsen turned out for Norway and drew with the Scandinavian against Caruana.



Karjakin (right) against Caruana also finished in a draw, as Fabiano finished with a decent 7/10.



In the women's section top seeds and favourites China simply proved too strong.



Champions USA (left-right): Hikaru Nakamura, captain John Donaldson, Sam Shankland, Ray Robson, Wesley So and Fabiano Caruana.

#### **Final Standings**

(Selected countries; the number in brackets after the score is game points)

<b>Open</b> (150 teams competed)							
1	USA	20/22	(31.5/44)				
2	Ukraine	20	(31)				
3	Russia	18	(32)				
4	India	16	(27.5)				
5	Norway	16	(26.5)				
6	Turkey	16	(30)				
7	Poland	16	(29.5)				
8	France	16	(30)				
9	England	16	(26.5)				
10	Peru	16	(26.5)				
69	Scotland	12	(24)				
81	Ireland	11	(23)				
85	Wales	11	(19.5)				
Women's (140 teams competed)							
VVC	men's (14C	tooms com	(hotod				
1	China	20	(31)				
1 2	China Poland	20 17	(31) (33)				
1 2 3	China Poland Ukraine	20 17 17	(31) (33) (30.5)				
1 2 3 4	China Poland Ukraine Russia	20 17 17 16	(31) (33) (30.5) (29)				
1 2 3 4 5	China Poland Ukraine Russia India	20 17 17 16 16	(31) (33) (30.5) (29) (28)				
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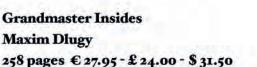
#### **Board Prizes in the Open Competition**

<u>Medal</u>	<u>Player</u>	<u>Rating</u>	Country	<u>TPR</u>	Played	l <u>Points</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Opp.Elo</u>
Board 1								
GOLD	GM Baadur Jobava	2665	Georgia	2926	10	8.0	80.0	2686
SILVER	GM Lenier Dominguez	2720	Cuba	2839	10	7.5	75.0	2646
BRONZE	GM Fabiano Caruana	2808	USA	2838	10	7.0	70.0	2689
6th	GM Magnus Carlsen	2857	Norway	2805	10	7.5	75.0	2610
7th	GM Michael Adams	2738	England	2794	9	6.0	66.7	2669
8th	GM Sergey Karjakin	2769	Russia	2782	9	6.0	66.7	2654
Board 2								
GOLD	GM Vladimir Kramnik	2808	Russia	2903	8	6.5	81.3	2652
SILVER	GM Anton Kovalyov	2617	Canada	2852	10	8.0	80.0	2612
BRONZE	<u> </u>	2609	Peru	2810	10	8.0	80.0	2570
	J. J							
Board 3								
GOLD	GM Wesley So	2782	USA	2896	10	8.5	85.0	2600
SILVER	GM Zoltan Almasi	2684	Hungary	2845	9	7.5	83.3	2572
BRONZE	GM Eugenio Torre	2447	Philippines	2836	11	10.0	90.9	2453
Board 4								
GOLD	GM Laurent Fressinet	2664	France	2809	8	7.0	87.5	2425
SILVER	GM Ian Nepomniachtchi		Russia	2809	10	8.0	80.0	2425
BRONZE	GM Aleksandar Indjic	2548	Serbia	2786	10	8.5	85.0	2304
6th	GM Gawain Jones	2635	England	2738	9	7.0	77.8	2490
0111	Givi Gawain Jones	2035	Eligialiu	2730	9	7.0	//.0	2310
Board 5								
GOLD	GM Andrei Volokitin	2647	Ukraine	2992	9	8.5	94.4	2548
SILVER	IM Sami Khader	2373	Jordan	2932	8	8.0	100.0	1978
BRONZE	GM Aleksej Aleksandrov	2547	Belarus	2760	8	6.5	81.3	2509
6th	GM Nigel Short	2666	England	2681	9	6.5	72.2	2462

#### **Grandmaster Insides**



Maxim Dlugy



Grandmaster Maxim Dlugy presents an overview of his Life in Chess and explains how he reached the World elite of Chess. He guides the reader into his kitchen of Chess and explains his way of thinking. We are convinced that his training methods will help many players to improve their level in Chess.



New Weapons in the King's Indian Milos Pavlovic 255 pages € 27.95 - £ 24.00 - \$ 31.50.

Grandmaster Milos Pavlovic investigated one of the most popular openings: the King's Indian. He focused on little explored and dynamic ways to counter the basic White systems. This is his second book for Thinkers Publishing and we are convinced that his new creative ideas will suit the Black player, avoiding all well-trodden paths.



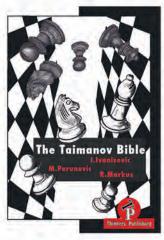
**Eduardas Rozentalis** 

The Correct Exchange in the Endgame Eduardas Rozentalis 156 pages € 19.00 - £ 15.00 - \$ 21.00.



12.16

In his book GM Rozentalis looks at some of the most important questions: the connection between the opening and the endgame, when to exchange, bishops against knights, be patient or just simplify. He presents many examples from his own experiences where the reader is well guided and eventually is provided with a clear solution. This book is highly recommended to all players as well as anyone who is coaching.



#### The Taimanov Bible



A complete manual for the Sicilian Player <sup>7</sup>7 Ivan Ivanisevic, Milos Perunovic & Robert Markus 358 pages € 29.95 - £ 22.00 - \$ 31.95.

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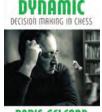






# New Books & Software





**BORIS GELFAND** 

#### Dynamic Decision Making in Chess Boris Gelfand, 284 pages, Quality Chess RRP £23.99 SUBSCRIBERS £21.59

Boris Gelfand's first book for Quality Chess – *Positional Decision Making in Chess* – attracted rave reviews and won the ECF Book of the Year award for 2015. The follow-up volume turns attention to dynamic aspects of the game, and the art of "dealing with something concrete, right now." Such a concrete approach is unlike the generally abstract themes presented in the first book.

Nevertheless, the titles of some of the eight chapters do retain an abstract flavour. The first two are 'Minsk 1979' and 'Petrosian'. Gelfand attended Tigran Petrosian's school of chess three times and was deeply influenced by the great champion.

Minsk 1979 was the location and date of the Soviet Championship that made a big impression on the young Gelfand. "I was incredibly lucky to have the chance to be present [...] I would go the playing hall and watch the games; every day, every minute." The highlight of the chapter – and, indeed, one of the best games in the whole book – is Geller-Anikaev, in which the former produced a dynamic masterpiece, leaving a big impression on Gelfand: "When I arrived home that evening, I was in a state of shock. I had seen something special, a miracle at the chessboard. It is not impossible that it determined the course of my life."

A recurring theme is introduced at the same time as the spectacular game. Geller was already 54 years of age in 1979 and nevertheless he won the Soviet Championship in Minsk. Gelfand is keen to refute the trendy notion of chess being a young person's game, citing the ages of both himself ("the oldest challenger since Korchnoi") and Anand ("the oldest World Champion since Botvinnik") in their title match as evidence.

Another recurring theme is the human versus computer debate. He confesses, "Kasparov played a few matches with computers, which I did not enjoy" before detailing a couple of offers he had to play similar matches.

"Would you allow the computer to play without an opening book?"

"No."

"Why not?"

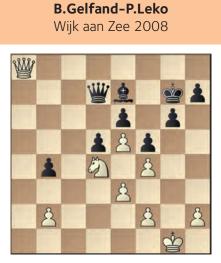
"Because we want to beat you and increase our sales. And in the end we will meet someone who will play on our terms."

Indeed so; it is not so difficult to trade on the human weaknesses of pride and dollar signs. There is advice on when to use chess engines. "I suggest that those who start out young should study chess *without* computer assistance for years, in order to understand the game before you use this powerful tool." Furthermore, he advises online spectators to turn off analysis engines when watching live games, but this requires more discipline than most will be able to muster.

Two chapters discuss 'Tactics at the Top Level' of chess, with one looking at mistakes and why they are made. Then there are chapters about Compensation, Time, Dynamic Masterpieces and Dynamic Defence, for which the titles are selfexplanatory. Gelfand's own games are used as illustrative examples, but not exclusively so.

The annotations are deep, but long lines of analysis are not as prevalent as one may suspect from the work of a Super Grandmaster. It is the prose of co-author/chief editor Jacob Aagaard that elevates this book, and its award-winning predecessor, beyond the reach of others. Gelfand shares his thoughts and opinions very honestly, freely presenting some of his worst moves alongside his best.

Here is a missed opportunity which should prove instructive.



"In this position, I have an advantage no matter what I do. But the point is that it is easier to spoil the advantage than to exploit it, as I found out."

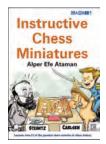
In the game, Gelfand played **38 營a6?** and it ended in a draw after 49 moves. The missed tactic occurs after 38 **營**b8! and White will win a pawn (38...皇c5 39 營c7! and e6 will fall).

"As with the first book, my goal has not been to give a complete manual on dynamic chess, but to give an insight into some dynamic scenarios from my games and discuss them in detail. Playing chess well is about making lots of good decisions, and this is what this series and this book is about."

There is a curious appendix, offering three recipes from Maya Gelfand's *How to Feed a Champion*. Perhaps a missed trick here; the Stuffed Fish could have been called The Caro-Carp.

I don't know how many volumes are planned for this series, but there is a reference to the fourth book, so we can look forward to at least two more. Gelfand's character and personality really shine through in this ongoing set of books, which is shaping up as a definite must-buy series. Players up to – and including – grandmaster level will find plenty of interest here, whether it is the original anecdotes, the pieces of advice or the deep annotations.

Sean Marsh



Instructive Chess Miniatures Alper Efe Ataman, 128 pages, Gambit Publications RRP £9.99 SUBSCRIBERS £8.99

"Warning: this book is not just entertainment. The author wants to teach you a lot about chess and improve the quality of your play!" So states the back cover blurb of this new collection of short games. Furthermore, the author states: "It's a known fact that instructive games are basic resources for improving young chess-players, or in other words masters of the future", and, given the nature of miniatures, they are "really amazing and memorable."

With all of this in mind, I put the book to the test both for lessons with students and for my own use. Having spent some time examining the games and annotations, I am happy to report the author has hit his target.

For the avoidance of doubt, it is useful to remember: "A miniature is a decisive game won in 25 moves or fewer." In this fine collection we are presented with 53 miniatures, starting with Anderssen-Dufresne from 1852 and finishing with So-Kasparov, played just a few short months ago.

Alper Efe Ataman, a FIDE Master from Turkey, knows his target audience well and his experience as a trainer informs the material in this book. The annotations are light, but in a good way. He will, for example, name the openings of each game, but will not try and force-feed readers any theoretical lines. The different types of tactics are named too, but at no point does the author fall into the trap of talking down to his audience. Thus he provides inspiration for further research.

Inevitably, some of the games will be familiar to most readers, but some will be able to surprise as well as entertain, especially as miniatures tend to feature sparkling sacrifices. I don't recall seeing this game before and I was pleased to make its acquaintance.





**13...<sup>2</sup>d2!!** is an alarming shot. White must accept the gift, but he didn't last much longer (0-1, 20). This should serve as an indication of the sort of material to expect.

*Instructive Chess Miniatures* is suitable for club players and chess tutors looking for an informative set of ready-made, entertaining lessons.

Sean Marsh

#### King's Indian Warfare Ilya Smirin, 352 pages, paperback RRP £20.99 SUBSCRIBERS £18.89

The strong Israeli Grandmaster has spent his career playing the King's Indian and not without some little success, including a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ - $1\frac{1}{2}$  score against legendary KID killer Vladimir Kramnik. Smirin does not present a repertoire for Black à la Kornev's new work (see below), but rather explains all about the opening and its main themes. Studying Smirin's favourite and clearly annotated games can but improve the understanding of even those with plenty of existing King's Indian experience, with almost every reader likely to pick up several new ideas.

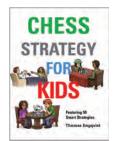
Please note both that it's possible to purchase a hardback version of this work for an extra  $\pounds 4$  and that we'll have a full review in a future issue.



Chess Informant 129 – Big Cat Josip Asik (ed.), 348 pages, paperback RRP £29.99 SUBSCRIBERS £26.99

As well as all the latest novelties, languageless grandmaster games and the best recent endgames, the modern reader of *Informator* can enjoy plenty of fine articles. Highlights this time around include Michael Adams on his fine run in Bournemouth, Karsten Müller's tribute to Viktor Korchnoi, and Brazilian GM Rafael Leitao's coverage of the recently topical London System.

If you would also like *Chess Informant 129* – *Big Cat* in CD format, that option is available coming together with the book version for £37.50 (Subscribers – £33.75).



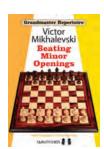
Chess Strategy for Kids Thomas Engqvist, 128 pages, paperback RRP £9.99 SUBSCRIBERS £8.99

Gambit continue their successful series for children based around 50 small lessons. Here the focus isn't the different types of checkmate or miniatures, but rather how to plan. Engqvist has already produced a couple of fine books for Everyman and here the Swedish IM rightly begins by focussing on the pawn structure, showing what the pawns can achieve and which types of configurations suit each of the pieces. The upshot is that the strategic ability of the reader – who could easily too be a weaker club player – should improve, especially if they have also solved all the accompanying exercises.



A Practical Black Repertoire with ②f6, g6, d6 Volume 2: King's Indian Alexei Kornev, 380 pages, paperback RRP £19.99 SUBSCRIBERS £17.99

As will quickly become apparent if it hasn't already in this issue, defences for Black based around an early ...g6 are certainly in vogue. Here the Russian Grandmaster is determined to strive for a fighting, uncompromising game as Black, plumping in the process for the King's Indian Defence on which he maps out quite a decent, theoretical repertoire. Somewhat strangely *Volume 1* of this repertoire, covering the Pirc and lines against the English, is due to follow later in the year.



Grandmaster Repertoire: Beating Minor Openings Victor Mikhalevski, 584 pages, paperback RRP £22.50 SUBSCRIBERS £20.25

It's now some ten years since your editor's *Beating Unusual Chess Openings* appeared and so Quality Chess have tackled the same project. Mikhalevski examines all White's alternatives to 1 e4 and 1 d4, recommending against the English, 1...e5. One of the best features of this typically thorough new *Grandmaster Repertoire* work is its coverage of the flexible 1 DATS, with all of 1...d5, 1...DAT6 followed by 2...g6 and 1...DAT6 and then 2...b6 being examined from Black's perspective, while a hardback version is available for an extra £4.



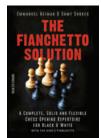
How to Exchange Pieces Elisabeth Pähtz; ChessBase PC-DVD, running time: 4 hours, 35 minutes RRP £24.95 SUBSCRIBERS £22.45 Knowing which pieces to exchange and

when is a tough call for almost all chess players. The likes of Capablanca and Karpov had an innate feeling for knowing when and what to exchange, and by looking at their games, as well as some of her own, Pähtz aims to develop that feeling within the viewer. Handy tips are given to consider whenever one is weighing up an exchange in this DVD aimed squarely at the club player.

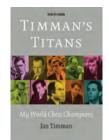


New in Chess Yearbook 120 Peter Boel & René Olthof (eds.), 256 pages, paperback

RRP £25.45 **SUBSCRIBERS £22.90** The latest theoretical journal from Holland presents, as ever, a large number of top quality opening surveys, including two on the Winawer variation. The Forum section continues to grow and features a contribution from Ian Nepomniachtchi, while elsewhere Joel Benjamin examines the IQP in connection to building an opening repertoire and Alexey Kuzmin takes a look at how Vladimir Kramnik approaches the opening.

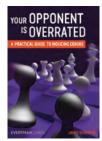


**The Fianchetto Solution** Emmanuel Neiman & Samy Shoker, 272 pages, paperback RRP £19.50 **SUBSCRIBERS £17.55** Scared of being annihilated in the opening and keen to have a system you can play against everything, even with both colours? Yes, there is a solution: fianchettoing the king's bishop at the start of the game. Here the French FM and Egyptian GM, two experts on the Modern Defence and King's Indian Attack, team up to present a reliable–looking repertoire based around an early g3 for White and ...g6 for Black.



#### **Timman's Titans** Jan Timman, 320 pages, paperback RRP £22.85 **SUBSCRIBERS £20.55**

Jan Timman was not only one of the west's leading players for several decades, but is known too, of course, for being an engaging writer. Here he covers 'My World Chess Champions', the 10 champions who had a major impact on his career. As one would expect, the result is a very entertaining read, packed full of entertaining anecdotes, as well as a fine selection of well-annotated games for each of the world champions.



#### Your Opponent is Overrated James Schuyler, 224 pages, paperback RRP £17.99 SUBSCRIBERS £16.19

Positive psychology and the goal of unsettling the opponent dominate this latest work of the American author's, subtitled 'A Practical Guide to Inducing Errors'. Schuyler shows that dubious, sometimes even nearrefuted gambits actually score pretty well at many levels of the game, while looking too at such topics as time management, provocative play and handling a bad position.



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65th Herts Congress 12 – 13 November County Suite, County Hall, Hertford, SG13 8DQ 4 sections: Open, U170, U140, U110. £2000 + Prize Fund For further information and to enter online, visit: www.hertschesscongress.com

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